

#### galicia

#### GROWTH, SUSTAINABILITY AND SOCIAL RESPONSABILITY: KEY LESSONS FROM MANAGING ST JAMES'S WAY IN LAST 25 YEARS

Jose Maestro – Tourism of Galicia

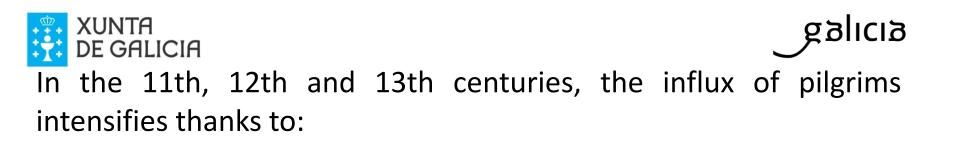


This is the route travelled by pilgrims from around the world to reach the city of Santiago de Compostela, where the relics of the apostle St. James the Greater are venerated.

The network of routes of the Way of St. James includes itineraries and locations that make up an asset, a part of our heritage and a symbol which remained alive for centuries.

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- Organizational efforts by the monarchs establishing routes in areas where there were previously none, building bridges over rivers, financing the construction of churches and cathedrals, donations to monasteries and the development of new burgs along the route.
- The religious community at Cluny promotes the pilgrimage to Santiago.

Both institutions develop the practice of **hospitality** along the route by building hospitals to attend to the spiritual, material and health needs of pilgrims.







- In the 14th century, the Camino experiences a serious crisis as a result of:
  - The wars of religion in Germany and France, which reduce pilgrim traffic to Santiago.
  - The emergence of Protestantism, with Luther dissuading followers from making the journey to the Apostle's tomb.
  - This results in the closing of Spain's borders during the reign of Philip II.
  - The activities of the Spanish Inquisition.



In the 15th century, jubilee years are declared at

Santiago de Compostela whenever the 25th of July falls on a Sunday. This always occurs in intervals of 6, 5, 6 and 11 years. Pilgrims receive a plenary indulgence any day of that year.



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- The two Jacobean holy years, 1976 and 1982, are marked by the change in political regime and the building of a decentralized democratic state.
- The high point for the Way of St. James is the visit of Pope John Paul II in 1982.
- The pontiff issues a call for Europe to come together spiritually, citing the Way of St. James as an example.
- In 1989, he returns to Santiago to preside over International Youth Day.
- The two visits are decisive for the definitive promotion of Compostela as an international religious destination.





In 1985, Santiago was listed as a UNESCO World Heritage Site.







The French Route and the Northern Routes (Primitive Route, Coastal Route, Liébana Route and Basque Country-La Rioja Inland Route) have also been on the World Heritage List since 1993 and July 2015.

The Council of Europe named the Way of St. James the First European Cultural Route in 1987. And in 2004, it was listed as a Great European Cultural Route.











#### Xacobeo 1993

- A brand is created, with its own logo and mascot: the Pelegrín.
- Expenditure on Xacobeo 93 activities is some 120 million euros, the largest single portion of which went to infrastructure, followed by cultural and socio-economic stimulus by the different municipalities along the Camino.







**Xacobeo** is declared an **event of exceptional** public interest for the purpose of obtaining tax benefits.

#### Aims:

- Environmental improvements: the physical routes of the Camino, scenic areas, repopulation with native species.
- Looking after the cultural heritage of the Camino: monasteries, churches, traditional structures. General improvements to the five Galician cathedrals.
- Promotion of heritage through cultural events of different types: themed exhibitions, scientific meetings, cultural gatherings, etc. Performances of all kinds in different Galician cities. with such performers as The Rolling Stones, Sting, Mike Oldfield, The Corrs and Eric Clapton.





# **Key Features**





#### REGULATION

The Parliament of Galicia passed Law 3/1996, on protection of the routes of the Way of St. James, which establishes specific regulations for the Way of St. James and declares the French Route an asset of interest in the category of historical territory and protects the rest of the routes in Galicia as listed assets.

- Establishing the rules of use for the network of hostels envisaged in the Plan Xacobeo.
- Regulating the procedure for listing certain activities and projects as of interest for the promotion of the Way of St. James.
- Decree 169/1994, creating the International Committee of Experts on the Way of St. James,

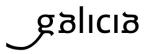


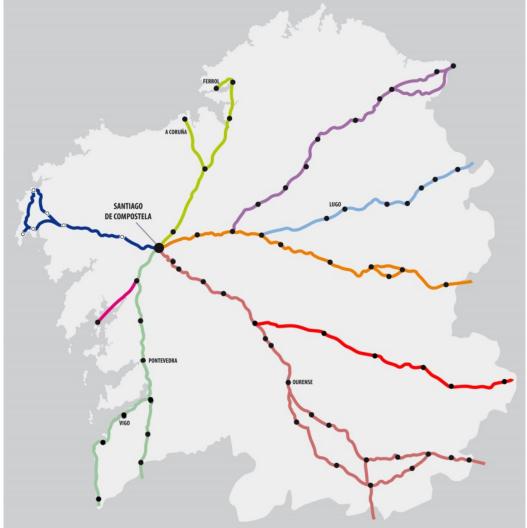




Map of Pilgrimage Routes in Europe











- Signposting of routes with:
  - The yellow arrow: now one of the most internationallyrecognized symbols of the Way of St. James, along with the vieira or scallop shell.
  - It was created in 1984 on the initiative of O Cebreiro priest.
     Today the yellow arrow appears against a blue background on vertical signs, identifying the Camino as a European Cultural Route.











Primitive Route. Ponte Ferreiro. Palas de Rei

English Route





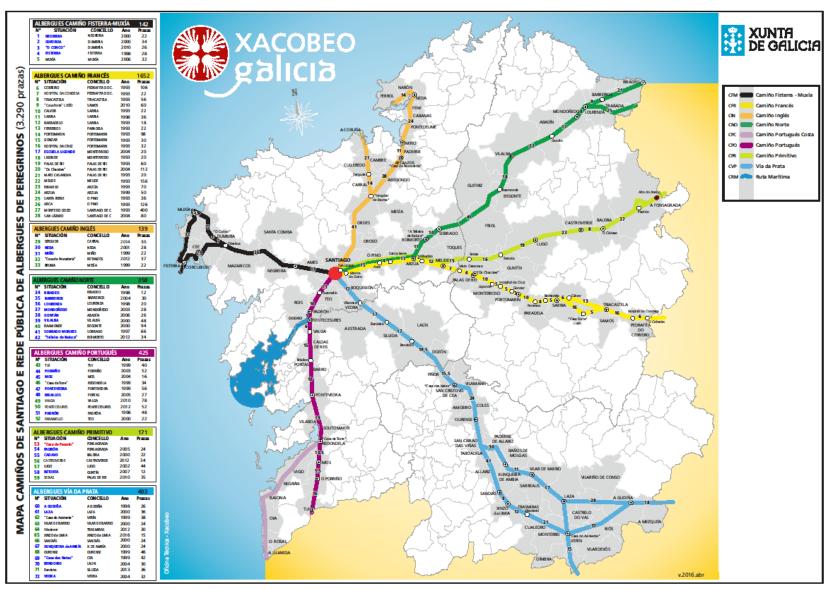
 Demarcation, restoration and signposting of the routes of the Camino as an essential part of the pilgrimage phenomenon. This work began in the late 1990s and early 2000s with the recovery of sections of the Camino and bridge preservation.















- The practice of hospitality is an essential value of the Way of St. James. Since the Middle Ages, it has been considered a crucial part of the pilgrimage to Santiago.
- One of the most iconic elements is the Royal Hospital built between 1501 and 1511, to lodge, care for and protect pilgrims. This activity continued until the 18th century.
- It was then converted into a luxury hotel, under the name Hostal de los Reyes Católicos, opening its doors on 24 July of the 1954 Holy Year.





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- Galicia's hospitality infrastructure has been reinforced with the network of 70 public hostels along the routes in Galicia created by the Xunta de Galicia, with capacity for 3,920 pilgrims.
- They are located in old restored homes, refurbished rural schools and renovated historic buildings, as well as newlybuilt hostels.

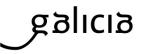








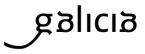


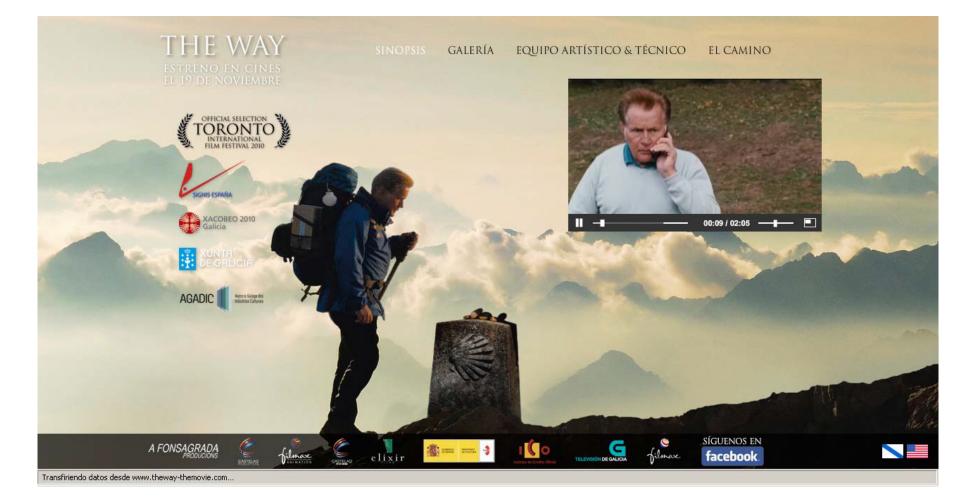




Exhibition: Compostela and Europe. The History of Diego Gelmírez. Paris



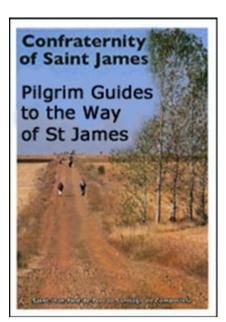








- The first Friends of Santiago de Compostela association was founded in Paris on 25 July 1950.
- The Confraternity of Saint James was set up in England in 1983.









 This sowed the seeds of a phenomenon that would spread throughout Europe and in the 21st century, to the rest of the world.

Germany	19	Spain	151	Norway	1
Argentina	1	United States	1	Poland	3
Australia	1	Philippines	1	Portugal	11
Austria	3	Finland	1	Puerto Rico	1
Belgium	2	France	65	United Kingdom	1
Brazil	28	Netherlands	1	Czech Republic	1
Canada	3	Hungary	1	South Africa	1
South Korea	2	Ireland	1	Sweden	1
Croatia	1	Italy	9	Switzerland	5
Denmark	1	Japan	1	Uruguay	1
Slovakia	2	Lithuania	1		
Slovenia	1	Luxembourg	1	TOTAL 324	



## FUNCTIONS

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- Information and support for pilgrims, travellers and any other person or entity with an interest in the Way of St. James.
- Creation of the 'hostel volunteer' position and organization of training courses for people interested in serving as hostel volunteers.
- **Restoration** of the routes of the Way of St. James and signposting using the symbols of the Camino: yellow arrow, scallop shell, etc.
- Historical and cultural studies, research and publications on the Camino and its surrounding area.
- **Promotion** of a wide range of cultural activities, conferences, congresses, trips and pilgrimages in collaboration with the associations.
- The International Committee of Experts on the Way of St. James, made up of researchers from Spain, Germany, France, Italy, England and Portugal, with ties to the world of the Camino and the pilgrim associations.





- In 1991, the Xunta de Galicia creates the public sector firm
   S.A. de Xestión do Plan Xacobeo, on the occasion of the 1993
   Compostela Holy Year.
- Its purpose is to promote tourism and culture, provide services for the Way of St. James, manage the network of public hostels, and reclaim the cultural heritage of the routes and architectural and artistic elements. It also develops an extensive cultural promotion programme, which is stepped up to coincide with holy year celebrations.
- The **Xacobeo 93** Plan is drawn up to harmonize the efforts of political, civil and ecclesiastical bodies with the aim of boosting the physical, cultural and economic resurgence of the Way of St. James.

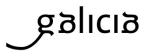




# **Camino Figures**



To obtain the Compostela, pilgrims must:



#### COMPOSTELA

- Do the pilgrimage for **religious or spiritual reasons**, or at least a desire for inner exploration.

- Complete the last **100 km** on foot or horseback, or the last 200 km by bicycle.

- The **Distance Certificate** issued by the Santiago Cathedral Chapter certifies the number of kilometres travelled, regardless of the starting point for the pilgrimage.



2016

277.854 pilgrims obtained Compostela

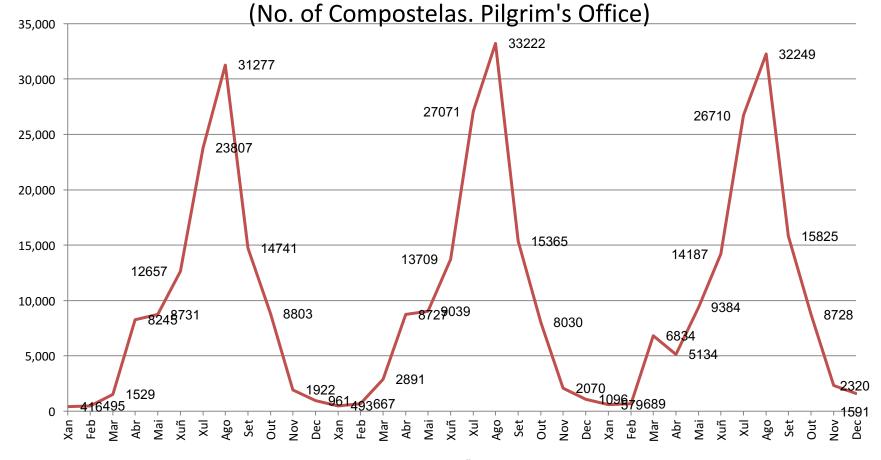


#### ฐฮไเсเฮ Key Foreign Markets 2016

(Nº of Compostelas. Pilgrim's Office)

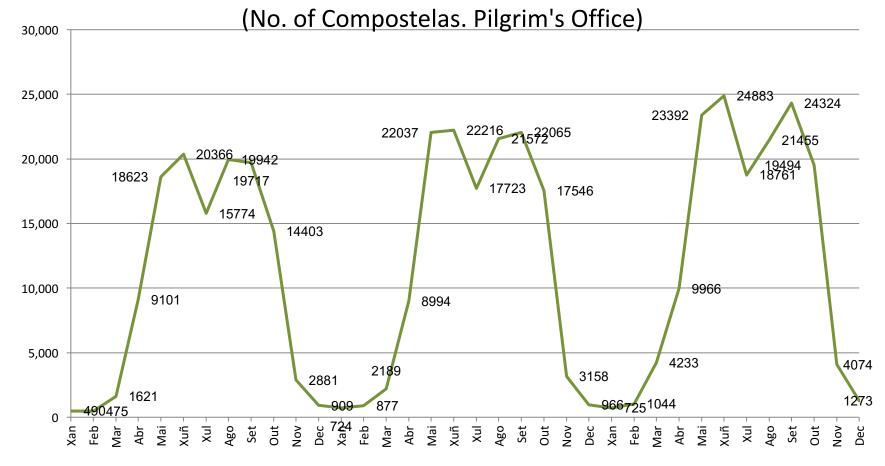
Р	PAÍS	Nº PEREGRINOS	PESO (%)
1	Italy	23.944	15,6%
2	Germany	21.220	13,8%
3	USA	15.236	9,9%
4	Portugal	13.245	8,6%
5	France	8.868	5,8%
6	Ireland	6.537	4,3%
7	United Kingdom	6.050	3,9%
8	Korea	4.534	3,0%
9	Australia	4.441	2,9%
10	Brasil	4.365	2,8%
11	Canada	4.354	2,8%
12	Poland	3.919	2,6%
13	Netherlands	3.656	2,4%

## وعاادات Seasonal Variation SPANISH Pilgrims 2014–16



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### ي عاادات Seasonal Variation FOREIGN Pilgrims 2014–16

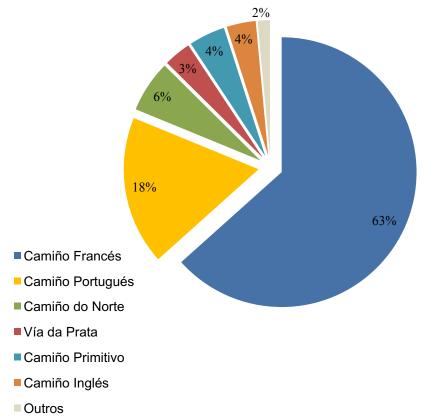


ESTRANX.



# Weight of different routes to Santiago 2016

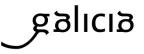
(Nº de Compostelas. Pilgrim's Office)



RUTA	Nº PEREGRINOS
French Route	176.075
Portuguese Route	49.538
Northern Route	17.289
Primitive Route	12.089
English Route	9.703
Vía de la Plata	9.067
Other routes	4.093

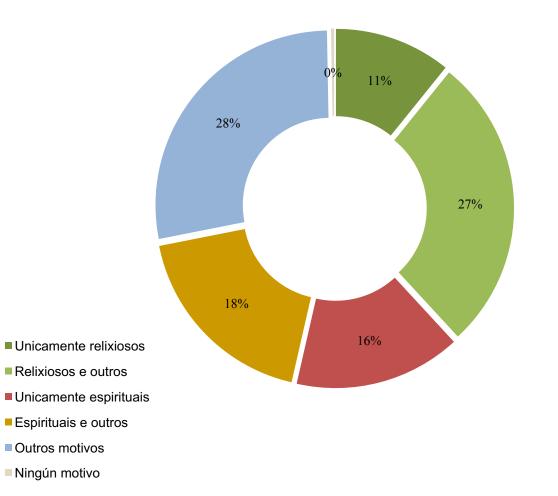
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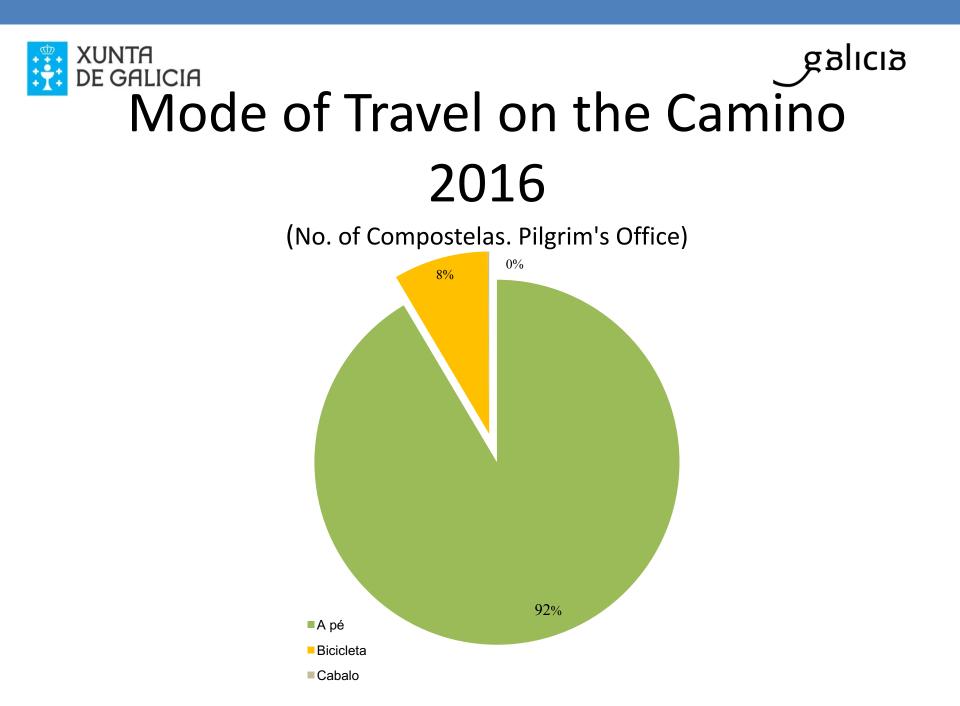




### Reasons for Doing the Camino

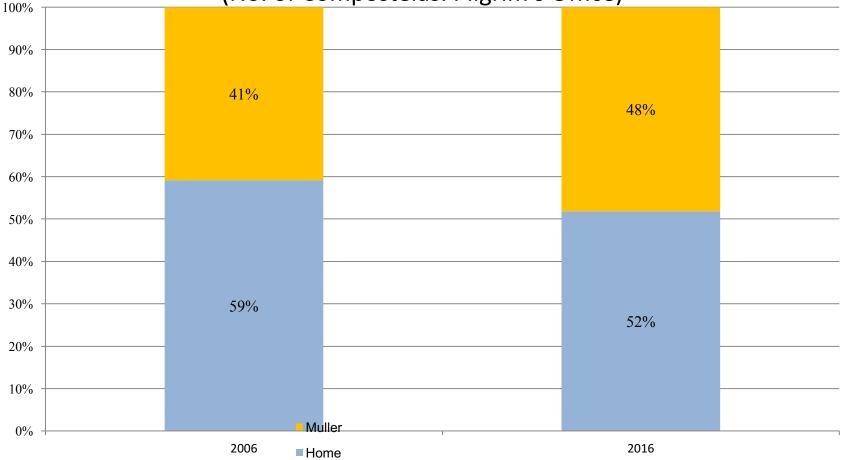
(Camino Observatory 2007–09)





# Gender of Pilgrims. Years 2006;2016

(No. of Compostelas. Pilgrim's Office)

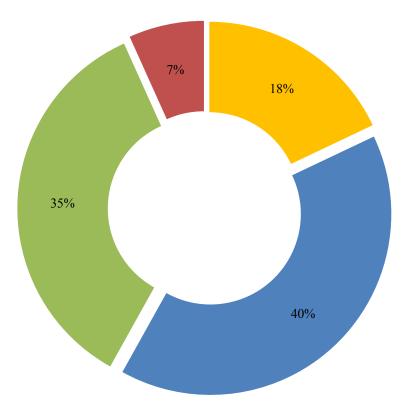




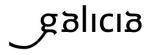


## Age of Pilgrims

(Camino Observatory 2007–09)

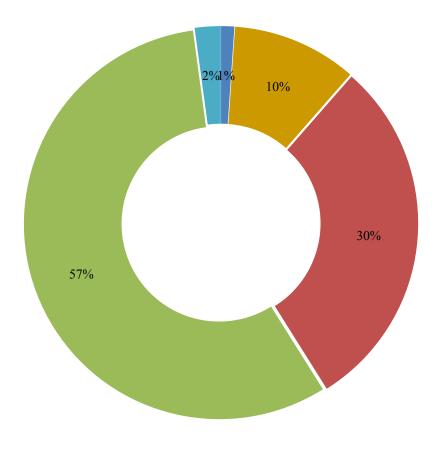






### Level of Education

(Camino Observatory 2007–09)

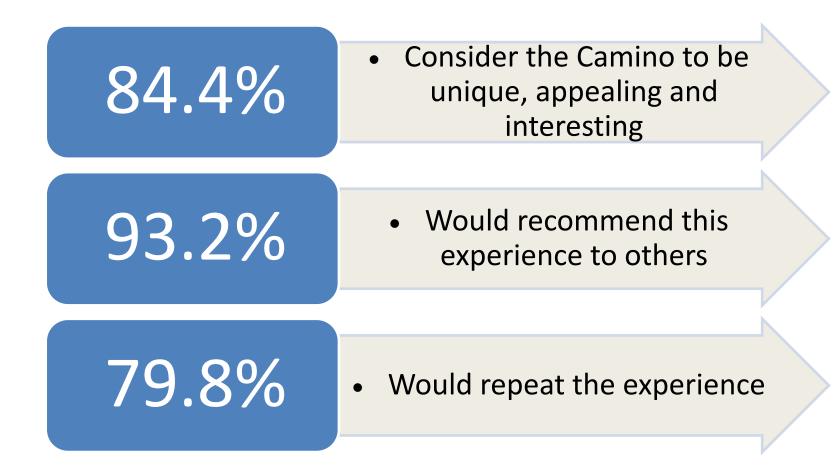






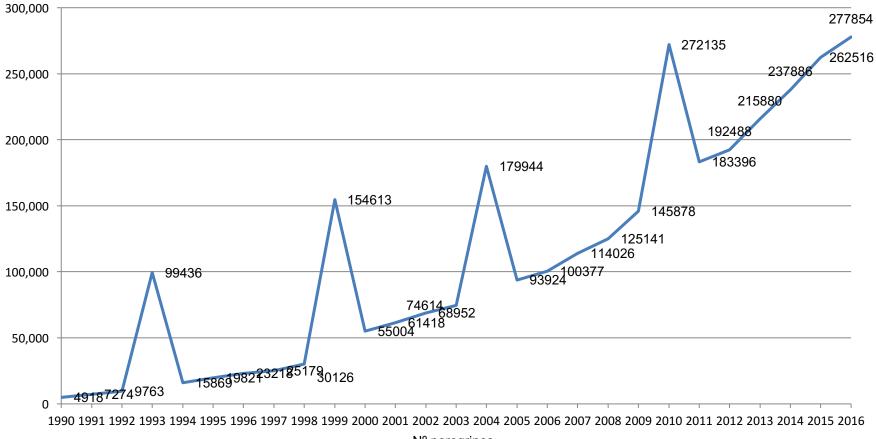
## Assessment of the Camino

(Camino Observatory 2007–09)





(No. of Compostelas. Pilgrim's Office)

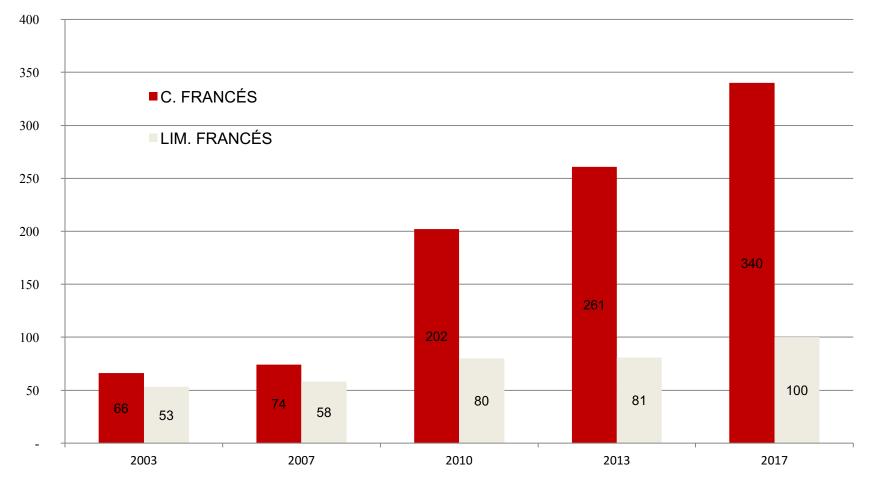


-----Nº peregrinos



## ہ galicia Accommodation 2003-17

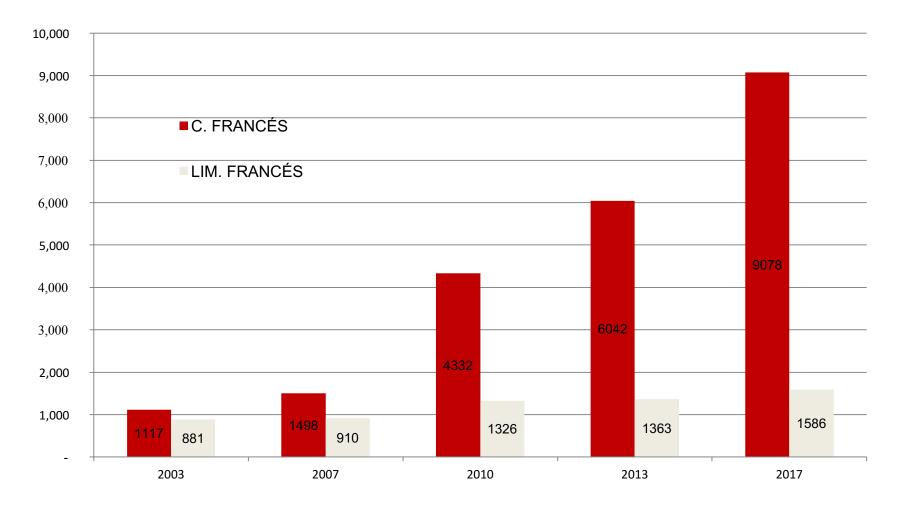
## (number of establishments)





## ہ Accommodation 2003-17

(number of beds)

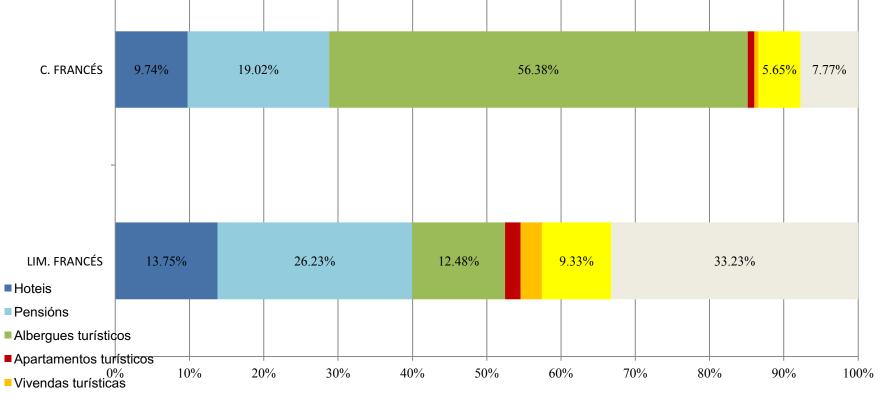




Structure of the Accommodation

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# Offer 2017



Campamentos turísticos

Turismo rural

# Demand for Tourist Accommodation on the French Route, 2013–16

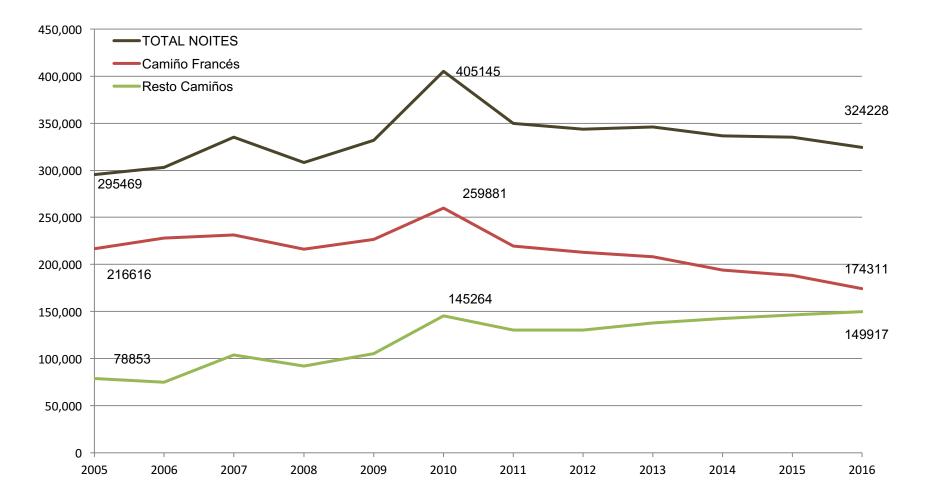
(National Statistics Institute)

DEMAND AND OCCUPANCY RATES FOR ACCOMMODATION ON THE FRENCH ROUTE	2013	2014	2015	2016	Change 2016/15
OVERNIGHT TRAVELLERS	294.577	337.677	383.071	362.525	-5,4%
SPANISH	144.386	159.538	180.986	156.448	-13,6%
FOREIGN	150.192	178.139	202.086	206.077	2,0%
NIGHTS	314.060	356.581	405.458	384.677	-5,1%
AVERAGE STAY	1,07	1,06	1,06	1,06	0,3%
OCCUPANCY RATE (%)	32,0%	32,6%	36,7%	36,8%	0,1



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## Overnights in public hostels 2005-16

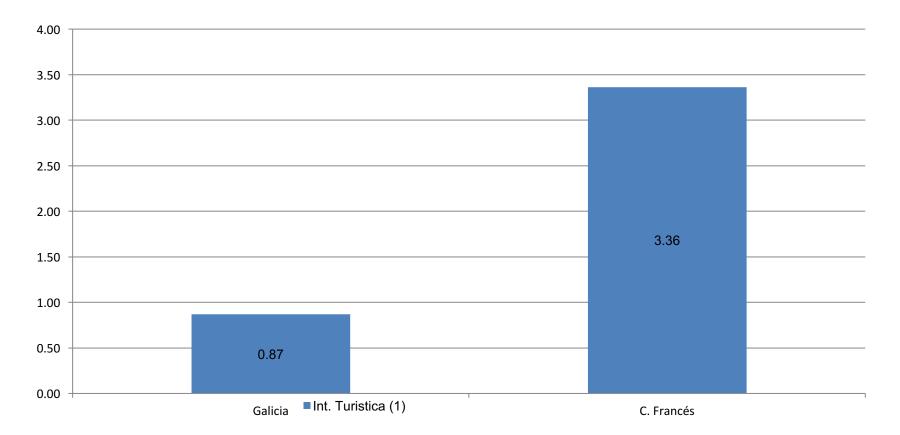




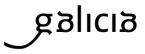


## Tourist intensity

(tourist overnights divided between residents)

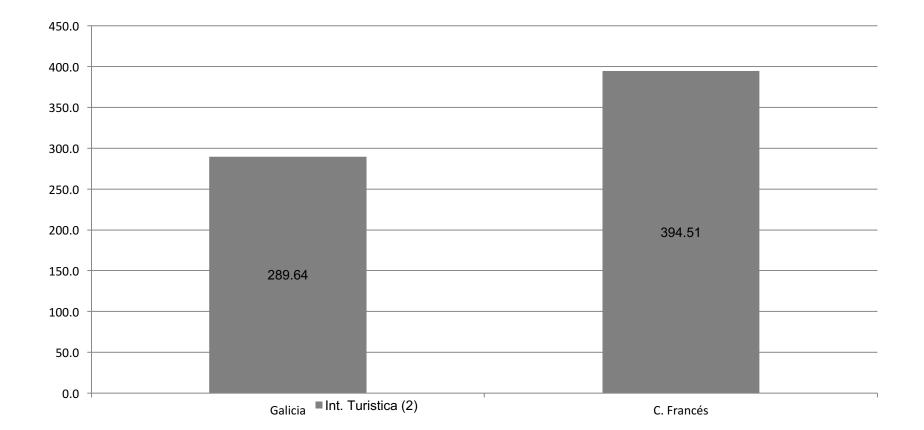




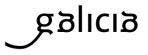


## **Tourist intensity**

(tourist overnights divided between municipality surface)







## MASTER AND STRATEGIC PLAN OF THE WAY OF ST. JAMES IN GALICIA 2015-2021



MASTER AND STRATEGIC PLAN OF THE WAY OF ST. JAMES IN GALICIA 2015-2021





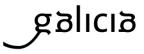
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The Master and Strategic Plan of the Way of St. James 2015-2021 is a roadmap that will establish the guidelines to promote restoration and protection of the Way in our Region, coordinating every public and private actor concerned. It becomes a management tool for the Galician Government and it will contribute to the strengthening of Galicia's tourism brand.





#### ADMINISTRATIVE COORDINATION AND ORGANISATION

**ACTION PLAN** 

SPECIFIC ACTIONS

### **1** PROMOTION OF INTER-ADMINISTRATIVE COOPERATION

**1.1.** Establishement of a inter-departamental Comission of the **Way of St. James.** 

**1.2.** Encouragement, by the provincial governments, of the establishement of coordination bodies, in order to make easier the dialogue among the Councils (Roundtables of The Way).

**1.3.** Promotion of the cooperation between the Galician Administration and the competent bodies of the Spanish Administration through the establishement of collaboration agreements on cuestions that affect the way and strengthening of the Council of St. James as the coordination body among the Regional Governments related to the Way of St. James.





#### ACTION PLAN

SPECIFIC ACTIONS

2

PROMOTION OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONSHIPS

3

COLLABORATION ASSOCIATIONS OF FRIENDS OF THE WAY OF SAINT JAMES

STRENGTHENING OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMITEE OF EXPERTS OF THE WAY OF SAINT JAMES **2.1.** Outline of **programs and projects regarding the international** cooperation on training, education, researching, employment, volunteering, etc. focusing on the collaboration with other cultural routes and with the key countries of the jacobean culture: France, Portugal, Italy, Germany, Poland, United Kingdom, etc.

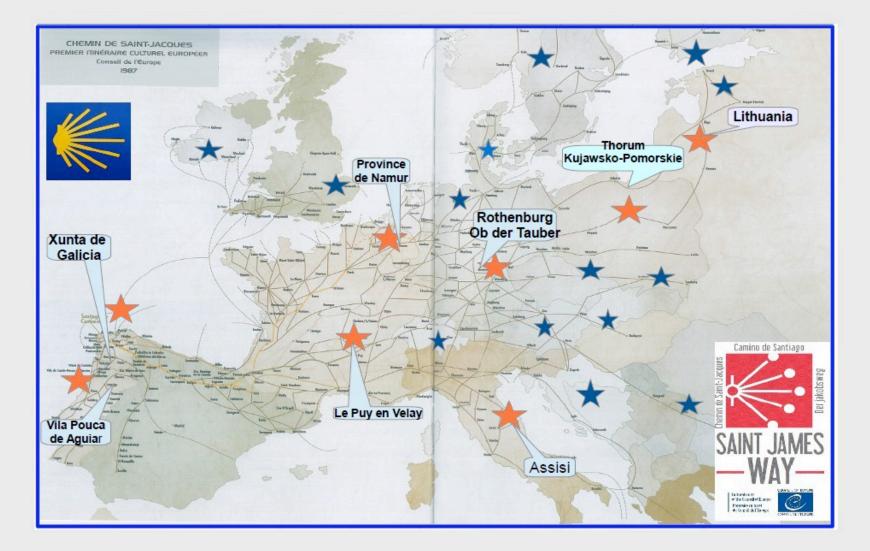
2.2. Promotion of the European Federation of the Way of Saint James.

**3.1.** Establishement of a Collaboration Plan with Associations of Friends of the Way of Saint James, defining communication channels between the Associations of Friends of the Way of Saint James and the Galician Gouvernment and creating a documentation center.

**3.2.** Establishement of the Day of the Way of Saint James.

**4.1.** Strengthening of the International Comitee of Experts of the Way of Saint James to increase the research on the jacobean phenomenon, support to the "Ad Limina" revue and collaboration with other centres of jacobean studies.









<b>5</b> COLLABORATION BETWEEN THE GALICIAN GOVERNMENT AND THE CHURCH AUTHORITIES	<b>5.1.</b> Collaboration between the Galician Government and the Galician Church Authorities, specially the Cathedral of Santiago de Compostela, for, among other subjects, the pilgrim reception and the highlighting of the heritage.
6 MONITORING SYSTEM OF THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC IMPACT OF THE WAY IN GALICIA	<ul><li>6.1. Implementation of a Statistic Plan of the Way of Saint James.</li><li>6.2. Elaboration of the annual directory "The Way in Figures".</li></ul>





#### PROTECTION AND PROMOTION OF THE HERITAGE VALUES OF THE WAY OF SAINT JAMES

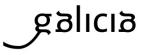
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ACTION PLAN	SPECIFIC ACTIONS	
<b>1</b> FOSTERING OF THE DELIMITATION OF THE SAINT JAMES PATH	<b>1.2.</b> Opening the procedures to delimit the Portuguese Way, Fisterra-Muxía Way, Southeast-Vía de la Plata Way and <b>development of the necessary technical studies for the legal</b> <b>protection of the Mar de Arousa-Río Ulla Path.</b>	
2 STREGTHENING OF THE MECANISMS OF PROTECTION AND CONTROL OF THE WAY AS WELL AS	<ul> <li>2.1. Impulse of the restoration of public and private heritage in the built-up areas through programmes as ARIS of the Way.</li> <li>2.2. Coordination between Tourism of Galicia and the Agence of Urban Legality Protection on the urban situation.</li> <li>2.3. Establishement of a Priority Intervention Program on heritage ressources setting-up priority actions, specially for the classified cultural heritage (BIC).</li> </ul>	
VALUING HERITAGE	2.4. Publication of the "Protection Guide of the Way and Criteria for the Restoration and Building in the Way of Saint James".	
	<b>2.5</b> . Development of the rules on Cultural Heritage and protection of the Way, on pilgrim hostels, etc.	





STRATEGIC LINE 3		
CONSERVATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE WAY OF SAINT JAMES		
ACTION PLAN	SPECIFIC ACTIONS	
	<b>1.1.</b> Continuation of the Annual Plan of clearing and integral maintenance of the Way of Saint James.	
1	<b>1.2.</b> Impetus to the construction of rest areas in every stage of the Way or utilization of existent areas to that effect.	
ROAD MAINTENANCE, ROAD SIGNS AND SAFETY IN THE WAY OF SAINT JAMES	1.3. Implementation of way marks along the Way of Saint James. Technical study about the problems of the Way marking problems and ellaboration of a Signposting Plan of the Way of Saint James taking into account accesibility criteria.	
	<b>1.4.</b> About road safety, among other actions, design of pedestrian crossings or other passageways and formalisation of an intervention model for the <b>road traffic incidents in the Way.</b>	
0	<b>2.1.</b> Continuity of the accessibility programmes in the different paths of the Way of Saint James.	
ACCESSIBLE WAY OF SAINT JAMES	2.2. Accessibility in the routes of the Way, providing access, if necessary, to alternative paths for bicycles and people with reduced mobility, accessibility to the heritage, improvement of the accessibility in the public hostel network, accessibility of the signposts and accessibility to the information for the pilgrim.	





#### ENVIRONMENTALLY SUSTEINABLE WAY OF SAINT JAMES

ACTION PLAN

#### SPECIFIC ACTIONS

1 DEVELOPEMENT OF AN INTEGRATED PLAN FOR ENVIRONMENTAL

MANAGEMENT

**1.1. Identification and cataloguing of the Natural Heritage and the Biodiversity of the Way,** as well as identificacion of the categories of environmental protection (Rede Natura 2000, ZEPA, LIC and ZEC) and implementation of an **Environmental Impact Assessment.** 

**1.2.** Plan on waste management for all the Way and pilgrim awareness.

**1.3.** Action plan on water ressources, promoting, among other actions, the drinking quality and healthiness of the sources along the Way of Saint James.

**1.4. Energy efficiency Plan** taking into account light, electricity and thermal energy.

XUNTA DE GALICIA	STRATEGIC LINE 5
STRENGTHENING OF THE CITY OF SA	ANTIAGO DE COMPOSTELA AS THE GOAL OF THE JACOBEAN ROUTE SPECIFIC ACTIONS
IMPROVEMENT OF THE WAY AND ITS HERITAGE IN THE SANTIAGO DE COMPOSTELA COUNCIL	<b>1.1.</b> Improvement of the accesses of the Way to the city of Santiago de Compostela.
2 INFRASTRUCTURES OPTIMISATION AND PILGRIM SERVICES IMPROVEMENT IN THE CITY	<ul> <li>2.1. Optimisation of the Monte do Gozo Complex opening its management and use to the pilgrims, to the city and to Galicia.</li> <li>2.2. Boost to the International Reception Centre for pilgrims.</li> <li>2.3. Creation of the Pilgrim Card, packaging services for the pilgrims in the city of Santiago.</li> </ul>
<b>3</b> CREATION OF SPECIFIC PRODUCTS OF CULTURAL AND TOURISTIC CONTENT RELATED TO THE WAY	<ul> <li>3.1. Creation of experiences in the city for the pilgrims, specially the creation of a route of the jacobean places.</li> <li>3.2. Increase culinary, cultural, wellness offer, as well as spiritual offer to the pilgrims in Santiago de Compostela.</li> </ul>





#### ENHANCEMENT OF EVERY PATH OF PILGRIMAGE TO SANTIAGO DE COMPOSTELA

ACTION PLAN

SPECIFIC ACTIONS

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## 1

# STIMULATION OF

DIFFERENT ROUTES TO SANTIAGO

DISSEMINATION OF THE VALUES AND PECULIARITIES OF EVERY ROUTE OF PILGRIMAGE TO SANTIAGO

1.1. Activity schedule at the local level for the dissemination of the specific values of the Way of Saint James.

**1.2.** Setting-up of a Yearly Calendar of Events related to the jacobean culture, through the research or the study of milestones of pilgrimage and history.

2.1. Boost and putting on road travelling exhibitions and other activities about every route with for a general audience.

2.2. Dissemination of every route in the International Reception Center of Santiago and in the main points of the Way of St. James.



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#### **STRATEGIC LINE 7**

SPECIALISATION AND QUALITY IN PILGRIM SERVICE		
ACTION PLAN	SPECIFIC ACTIONS	
<b>1</b> INTEGRATED MANAGEMENT FOR PUBLIC HOSTELLING NETWORK AND IMPROVEMENT OF ITS INFRASTRUCTURES	<ul> <li>1.1. Drafting of a specific regulation to legislate by decree on pilgrim hostels.</li> <li>1.2. Promotion for updating and improving hostels image, equipement and services.</li> <li>1.3. Impulse to the construction of new hostels in areas where there isn't public accomodation and limited private accomodation.</li> </ul>	
2 PROMOTING VOLUNTEERING IN THE WAY	2.1. Impulse of volunteering programmes for training as jacobean hosts, for promoting and disseminating the Way, heritage as well as programmes aimed at university students of health sciences degrees, among others, to support health institution during the months of highest influx of pilgrims.	
<b>3</b> ENCOURAGEMENT OF TRAINING FOR SPECIALISATION AND EXCELLENCE IN PILGRIM SERVICES	<ul> <li>3.1. Programme "Innovation in the Way", aimed at businesses.</li> <li>3.2. Programme "Know and promote the Way", for staff companies with activity in the Way of Saint James.</li> <li>3.3. Programme "Professionalisation in the Way", to impropilgrim service.</li> <li>3.4. Establishement of a Network of Tourist Services related to the Way of Saint James, through the implementation of a Production Manual Way of Saint James.</li> <li>3.5. Establishement of the quality trademark "Excellence in the Way" and an accession plan for the companies.</li> </ul>	

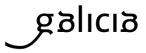


## galicia

#### **STRATEGIC LINE 7** (Continued)

SPECIALISATION AND QUALITY IN PILGRIM SERVICE		
ACTION PLAN	SPECIFIC ACTIONS	
<b>4</b> BOOST ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND CREATION OF NEW SPECIALISED PILGRIM SERVICES AND PRODUCTS	<ul> <li>4.1. Establishement of the programme "Beyond The Way" that offer experiences to know Galicia once The Way of Saint James is completed.</li> <li>4.2. Stimulation of commerce by promoting the consumption of Galician products among the pilgrims, support to the opening of stores of Artesanía de Galicia, etc.</li> <li>4.3. Support for business initiatives through an "Advice Office Start a Business in The Way".</li> <li>4.4. Implementation of the Tourism Living Lab with demonstration space for start ups and entrepreneurs.</li> </ul>	
5 GUARANTEE OF CONTINUOUS SECURITY SERVICE AND EMERGENCY AND HEALTH PLANS IN THE WAY	<ul> <li>5.1. Establishement of a Healthcare Action Plan for the pilgrims of The Way of Saint James.</li> <li>5.2. Reinforcement of the coordination among state, regional and local security bodies in order to guarantee the security in the Way through the implementation of the Security Service in The Way of Saint James for the the periods of highest influx of pilgrims.</li> <li>5.3. Publication of the "Guide for pilgrims" in case of emergency.</li> </ul>	
6 INTERPRETATION CENTRES OF THE WAY OF SAINT JAMES	<ul> <li>6.1. Definition and execution of new educational strategies for the interpretation of The Way of Saint James and related heritage, as well as for the signalling and interpretation of the resources.</li> <li>6.2. Definition of new roles for the interpretation centres of The Way of Saint James.</li> </ul>	





RESEARCHING, COMMUNICATION AND DISSEMINATION OF THE WAY AND THE JACOBEAN CULTURE			
ACTION PLAN	SPECIFIC ACTIONS		
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<b>1</b> PROMOTION OF RESEARCH AND DISSEMINATION OF THE WAY OF SAINT JAMES AND	<ul> <li>1.1. Impetus to the presence of jacobean culture in higher education.</li> <li>1.2. Development of a catalogue of tangible and intangible heritage of The Way of Saint James.</li> <li>1.3. Eduction of a digital Jacobean Bibliography online compilating research and scientific publications about The Way of Saint James.</li> </ul>		
THE JACOBEAN CULTURE			
2 THE WAY OF SAINT JAMES IN THE GALICIAN EDUCATION SYSTEM	<ul> <li>2.1. Production of adapted contents to the compulsory primary and secondary school curricula about The Way of Saint James.</li> <li>2.2. Production of educational supplementary material.</li> </ul>		
3 AWARENESS RISING AMONG GALICIAN SOCIETY ABOUT THE WAY OF SAINT JAMES	<ul> <li>3.1. Design and implementation of awareness campaigns targeted at population of the municipalities in The Way of Saint James.</li> <li>3.2. Training programme for the agents of local development of the municipalities in The Way of Saint James.</li> </ul>		





## 4

5

DESIGN OF A POSITIONING AND PROMOTIONAL PLAN OF GALICIA THROUGH THE WAY OF SAINT JAMES **4.1.** Design and implementation of a Promotional Plan and a media campaign about The Way of Saint James in order to contribute to the international positioning of Galicia through The Way of Saint James.

4.2. Promotional Plan of the Jubilee Year 2021.

4.3. Impulse of The Way Ambassadors Programme and promotion of the prizes related to The Way of Saint James.

4.4. Recovery of sea pilgrimage routes.



**5.1.** Impulse to the **development of The Smart Way**, among other actions, through the implementation of the digital platform The Smart Way and the connectivity of the Network Public Hostels and special locations.

**5.2.** Innovative public purchase in the area of The Way of Saint James.





13.3

CHIPLE!

AND AND AND AND A BUDGET COMP SHOWAR BLUE HUE **BUDGET UNTIL 2021** Budget total: 56.119.805€ Budget estimate for pilgrim: 70,66€ Estimate of revenue for pilgrims: 655 millions € THE PARTY OF STATE m m Contraction and **GLOBAL PLANNED DATA:** Total estimate of pilgrims in 2021: 464.000 Total estimate of pilgrims 2015-2021: 2.482.000 Average expenditure per pilgrim: **44€/day** 

> Average number of days travelling the Way of St. James in Galicia: 6 Average expenditure per pilgrim /1 week: 264€

\*Not including trips beyond the Way



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